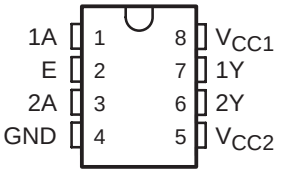
- **Dual Circuits Capable of Driving High-Capacitance Loads at High Speeds**
- **Output Supply Voltage Range up to 24 V**
- **Low Standby Power Dissipation**

D OR P PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

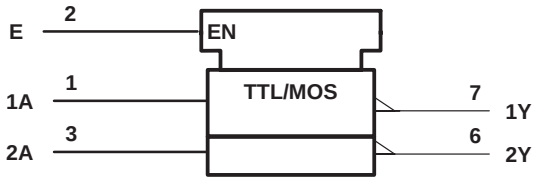


description

The SN75372 is a dual NAND gate interface circuit designed to drive power MOSFETs from TTL inputs. It provides high current and voltage levels necessary to drive large capacitive loads at high speeds. The device operates from a V_{CC1} of 5 V and a V_{CC2} of up to 24 V.

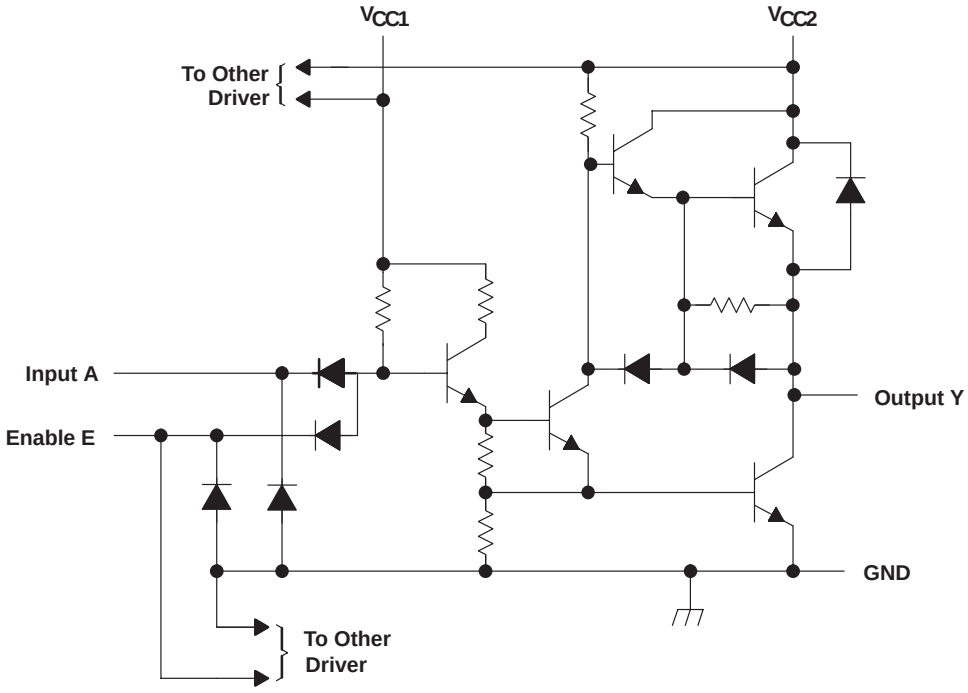
The SN75372 is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

logic symbol†



† This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

schematic (each driver)



absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage range, V_{CC1} (see Note 1) . . . . . −0.5 V to 7 V
Supply voltage range, V_{CC2} . . . . . −0.5 V to 25 V
Input voltage, V_I . . . . . 5.5 V
Peak output current, V_O (t_w < 10 ms, duty cycle < 50%) . . . . . 500 mA
Continuous total power dissipation . . . . . See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, T_A . . . . . 0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range, T_{stg} . . . . . −65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds . . . . . 260°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: Voltage values are with respect to network GND.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	T_A = 25°C POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T_A = 25°C	T_A = 70°C POWER RATING
D	725 mW	5.8 mW/°C	464 mW
P	1000 mW	8.0 mW/°C	640 mW

recommended operating conditions

	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V_{CC1}	4.75	5	5.25	V
Supply voltage, V_{CC2}	4.75	20	24	V
High-level input voltage, V_{IH}	2			V
Low-level input voltage, V_{IL}			0.8	V
High-level output current, I_{OH}			−10	mA
Low-level output current, I_{OL}			40	mA
Operating free-air temperature, T_A	0		70	°C

electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of V_{CC1}, V_{CC2}, and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

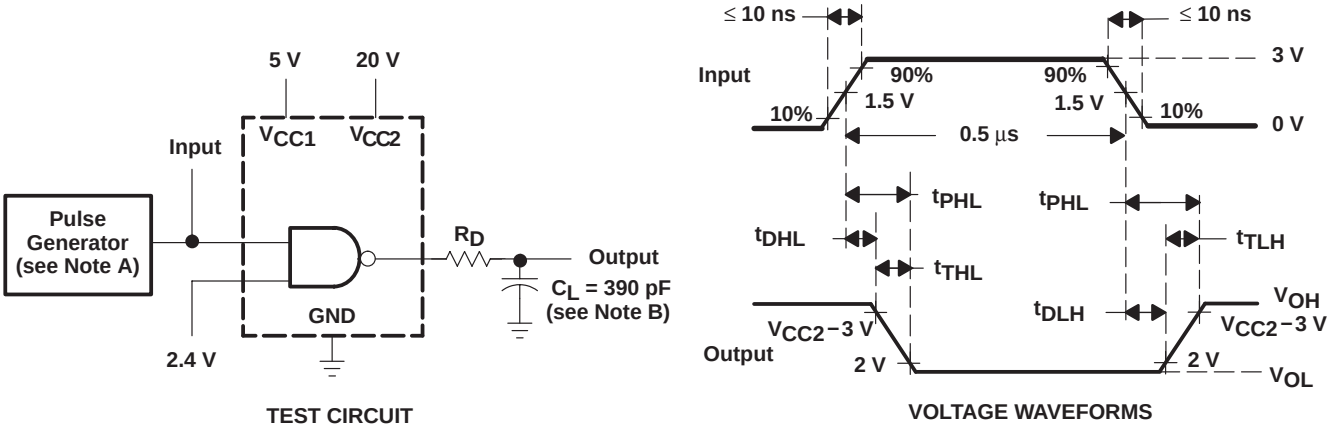
PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
V_{IK}	Input clamp voltage		I_I = −12 mA				−1.5	V
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage		V_{IL} = 0.8 V,	I_{OH} = −50 µA	V_{CC2}−1.3	V_{CC2}−0.8		V
			V_{IL} = 0.8 V,	I_{OH} = −10 mA	V_{CC2}−2.5	V_{CC2}−1.8		
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage		V_{IH} = 2 V,	I_{OL} = 10 mA		0.15	0.3	V
			V_{CC2} = 15 V to 24 V, I_{OL} = 40 mA	V_{IH} = 2 V,		0.25	0.5	
V_F	Output clamp-diode forward voltage		V_I = 0,	I_F = 20 mA			1.5	V
I_I	Input current at maximum input voltage		V_I = 5.5 V				1	mA
I_{IH}	High-level input current	Any A	V_I = 2.4 V				40	µA
		Any E					80	
I_{IL}	Low-level input current	Any A	V_I = 0.4 V			−1	−1.6	mA
		Any E				−2	−3.2	
$I_{CC1(H)}$	Supply current from V_{CC1}, both outputs high		V_{CC1} = 5.25 V, All inputs at 0 V,	V_{CC2} = 24 V, No load		2	4	mA
$I_{CC2(H)}$	Supply current from V_{CC2}, both outputs high						0.5	mA
$I_{CC1(L)}$	Supply current from V_{CC1}, both outputs low		V_{CC1} = 5.25 V, All inputs at 5 V,	V_{CC2} = 24 V, No load		16	24	mA
$I_{CC2(L)}$	Supply current from V_{CC2}, both outputs low					7	13	mA
$I_{CC2(S)}$	Supply current from V_{CC2}, standby condition		V_{CC1} = 0, All inputs at 5 V,	V_{CC2} = 24 V, No load			0.5	mA

† All typical values are at V_{CC1} = 5 V, V_{CC2} = 20 V, and T_A = 25°C.

switching characteristics, V_{CC1} = 5 V, V_{CC2} = 20 V, T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{DLH}	Delay time, low-to-high-level output	C_L = 390 pF,	R_D = 10 Ω,	See Figure 1		20	35	ns
t_{DHL}	Delay time, high-to-low-level output					10	20	ns
t_{TLH}	Transition time, low-to-high-level output					20	30	ns
t_{THL}	Transition time, high-to-low-level output					20	30	ns
t_{PLH}	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output				10	40	65	ns
t_{PHL}	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output				10	30	50	ns

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: PRR = 1 MHz, $Z_O \approx 50\ \Omega$.
B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 1. Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms, Each Driver

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

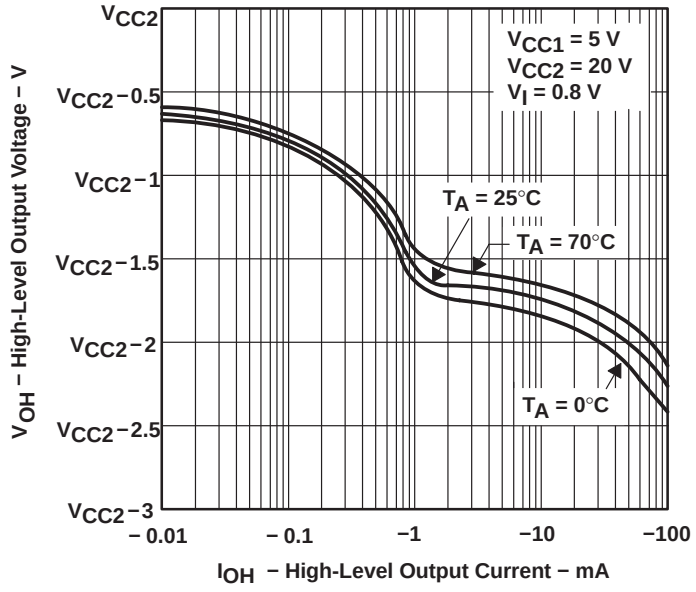


Figure 2

LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

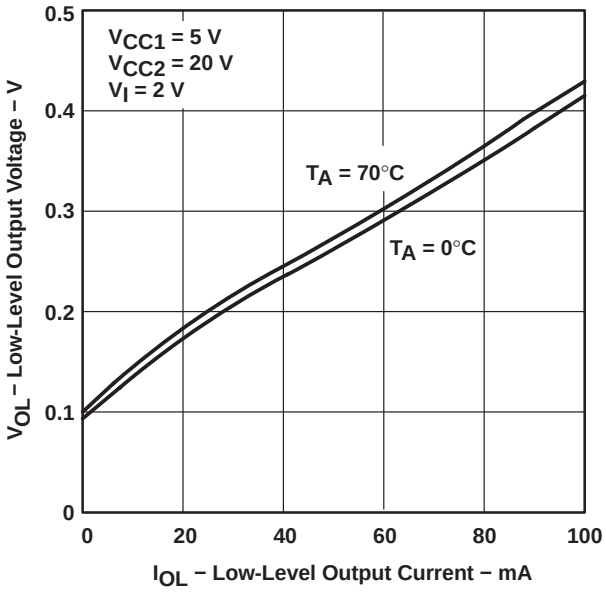


Figure 3

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

VOLTAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

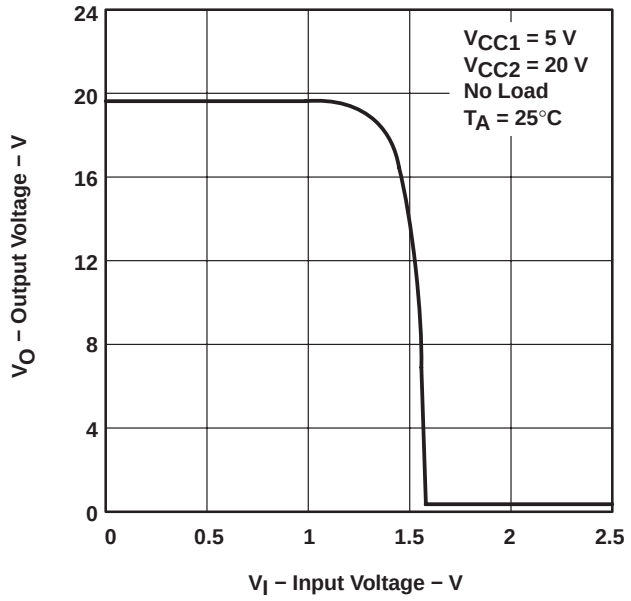


Figure 4

POWER DISSIPATION (BOTH DRIVERS) vs FREQUENCY

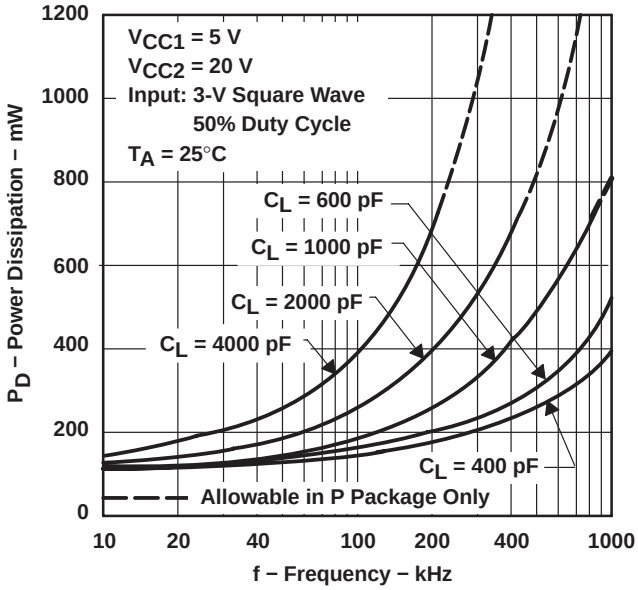


Figure 5

PROPAGATION DELAY TIME, LOW-TO-HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

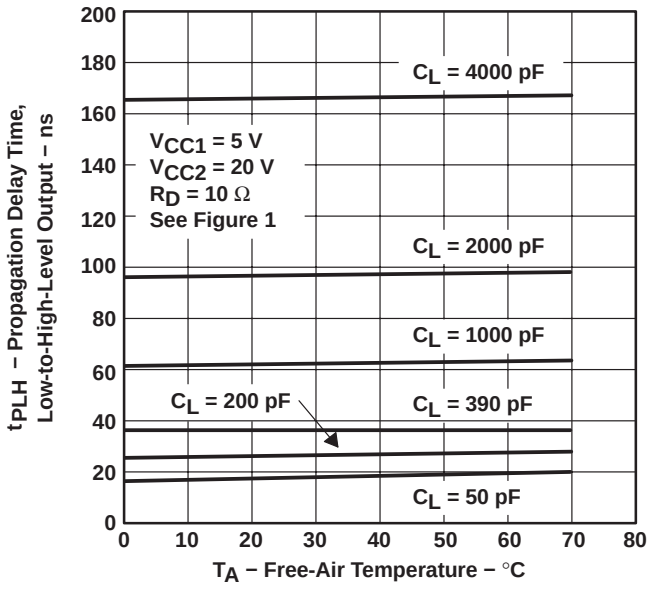


Figure 6

PROPAGATION DELAY TIME, HIGH-TO-LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

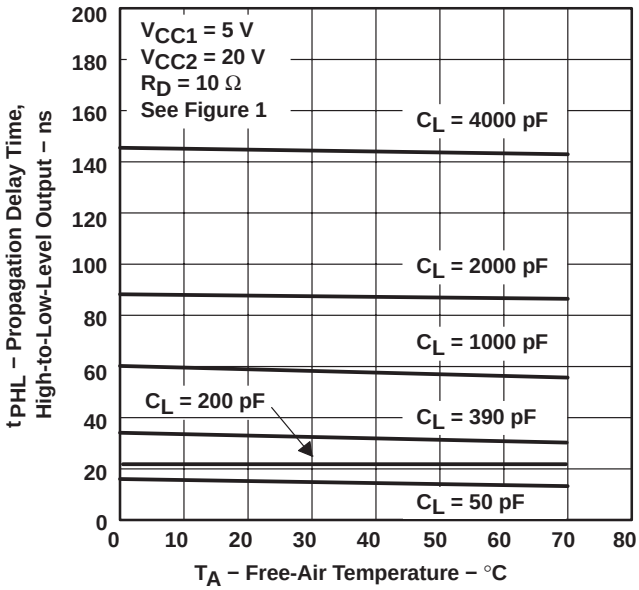


Figure 7

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PROPAGATION DELAY TIME, LOW-TO-HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT vs V_{CC2} SUPPLY VOLTAGE

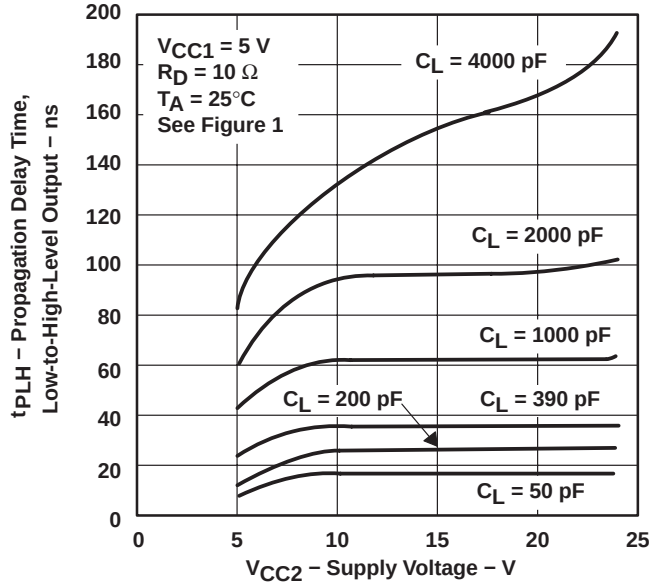


Figure 8

PROPAGATION DELAY TIME, HIGH-TO-LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT vs V_{CC2} SUPPLY VOLTAGE

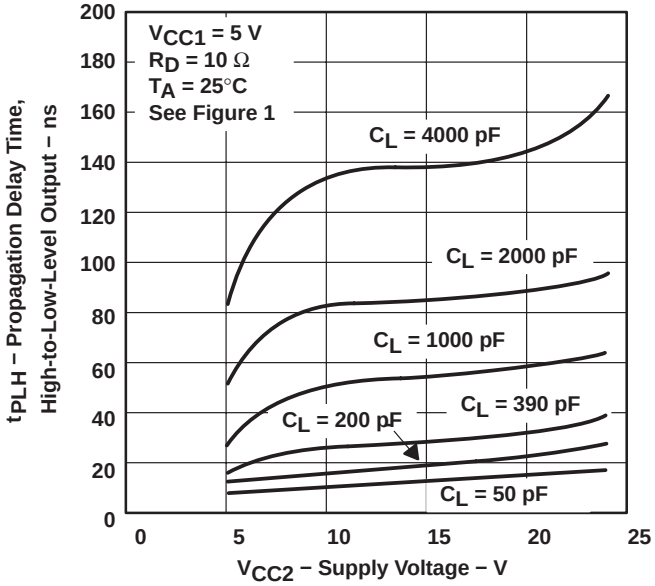


Figure 9

PROPAGATION DELAY TIME, LOW-TO-HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT vs LOAD CAPACITANCE

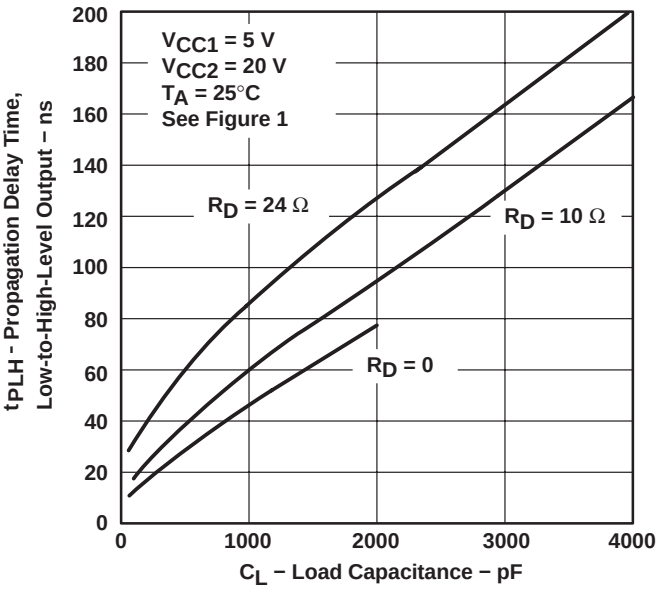


Figure 10

PROPAGATION DELAY TIME, HIGH-TO-LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT vs LOAD CAPACITANCE

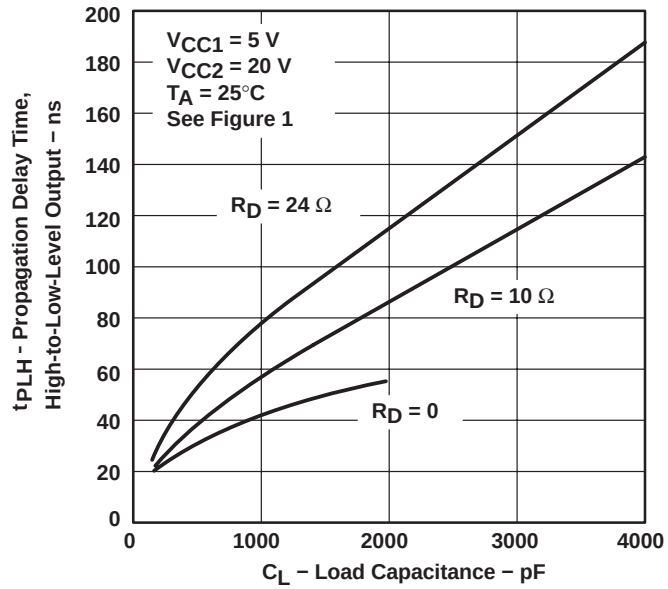


Figure 11

NOTE: For R_D = 0, operation with C_L > 2000 pF violates absolute maximum current rating.

THERMAL INFORMATION

power dissipation precautions

Significant power may be dissipated in the SN75372 driver when charging and discharging high-capacitance loads over a wide voltage range at high frequencies. Figure 5 shows the power dissipated in a typical SN75372 as a function of load capacitance and frequency. Average power dissipated by this driver is derived from the equation

$$P_{T(AV)} = P_{DC(AV)} + P_{C(AV)} = P_{S(AV)}$$

where $P_{DC(AV)}$ is the steady-state power dissipation with the output high or low, $P_{C(AV)}$ is the power level during charging or discharging of the load capacitance, and $P_{S(AV)}$ is the power dissipation during switching between the low and high levels. None of these include energy transferred to the load, and all are averaged over a full cycle.

The power components per driver channel are

$$P_{DC(AV)} = \frac{P_H t_H + P_L t_L}{T}$$

$$P_{C(AV)} \approx C V_C^2 \cdot f$$

$$P_{S(AV)} = \frac{P_{LH} t_{LH} + P_{HL} t_{HL}}{T}$$

where the times are as defined in Figure 14.

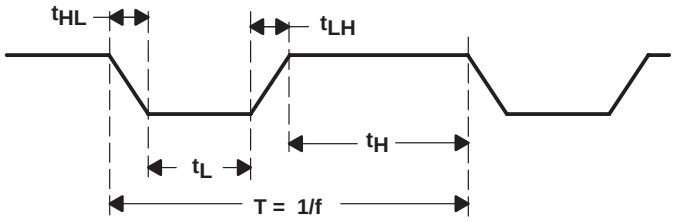


Figure 12. Output Voltage Waveform

P_L, P_H, P_{LH}, and P_{HL} are the respective instantaneous levels of power dissipation, C is the load capacitance. V_C is the voltage across the load capacitance during the charge cycle shown by the equation

$$V_C = V_{OH} - V_{OL}$$

$P_{S(AV)}$ may be ignored for power calculations at low frequencies.

In the following power calculation, both channels are operating under identical conditions:
V_{OH} =19.2 V and V_{OL} = 0.15 V with V_{CC1} = 5 V, V_{CC2} = 20 V, V_C = 19.05 V, C = 1000 pF, and the duty cycle = 60%. At 0.5 MHz, $P_{S(AV)}$ is negligible and can be ignored. When the output voltage is high, I_{CC2} is negligible and can be ignored.

On a per-channel basis using data sheet values,

$$P_{DC(AV)} = \left[(5\text{ V})\left(\frac{2\text{ mA}}{2}\right) + (20\text{ V})\left(\frac{0\text{ mA}}{2}\right)\right](0.6) + \left[(5\text{ V})\left(\frac{16\text{ mA}}{2}\right) + (20\text{ V})\left(\frac{7\text{ mA}}{2}\right)\right](0.4)$$

$P_{DC(AV)}$ = 47 mW per channel

Power during the charging time of the load capacitance is

$P_{C(AV)} = (1000\text{ pF})\,(19.05\text{ V})^2\,(0.5\text{ MHz}) = 182$ mW per channel

Total power for each driver is

$P_{T(AV)}$ = 47 mW + 182 mW = 229 mW

and total package power is

$P_{T(AV)} = (229)\,(2) = 458$ mW.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

driving power MOSFETs

The drive requirements of power MOSFETs are much lower than comparable bipolar power transistors. The input impedance of a FET consists of a reverse biased PN junction that can be described as a large capacitance in parallel with a very high resistance. For this reason, the commonly used open-collector driver with a pullup resistor is not satisfactory for high-speed applications. In Figure 12(a), an IRF151 power MOSFET switching an inductive load is driven by an open-collector transistor driver with a 470-Ω pullup resistor. The input capacitance (C_{iss}) specification for an IRF151 is 4000 pF maximum. The resulting long turn-on time due to the combination of C_{iss} and the pullup resistor is shown in Figure 12(b).

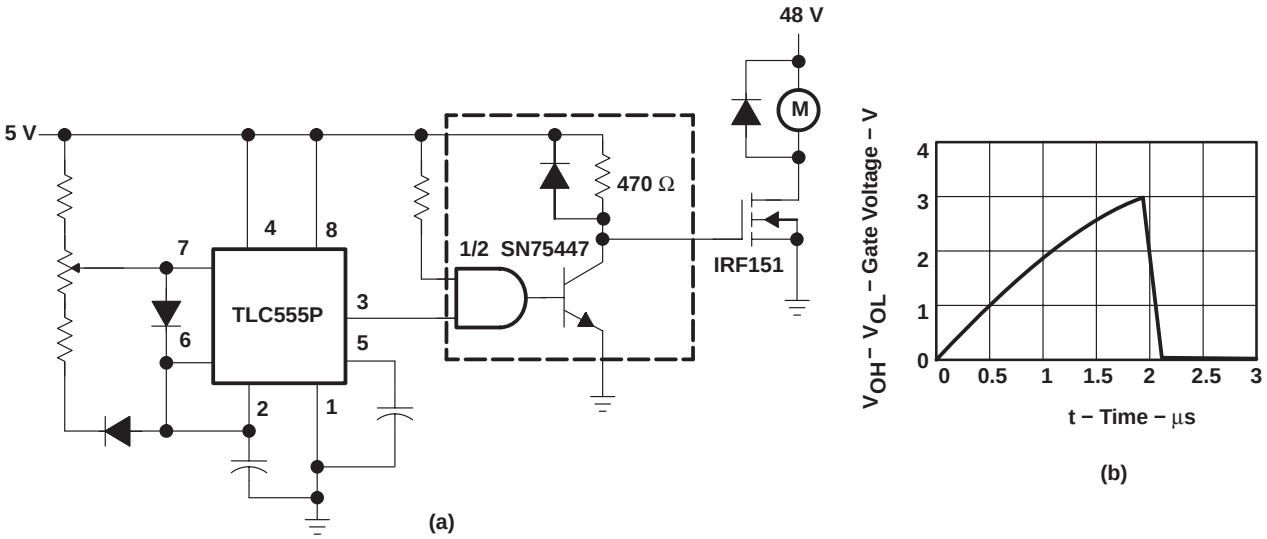


Figure 13. Power MOSFET Drive Using SN75447

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APPLICATION INFORMATION

A faster, more efficient drive circuit uses an active pullup as well as an active pulldown output configuration, referred to as a totem-pole output. The SN75372 driver provides the high speed, totem-pole drive desired in an application of this type, see Figure 13(a). The resulting faster switching speeds are shown in Figure 13(b).

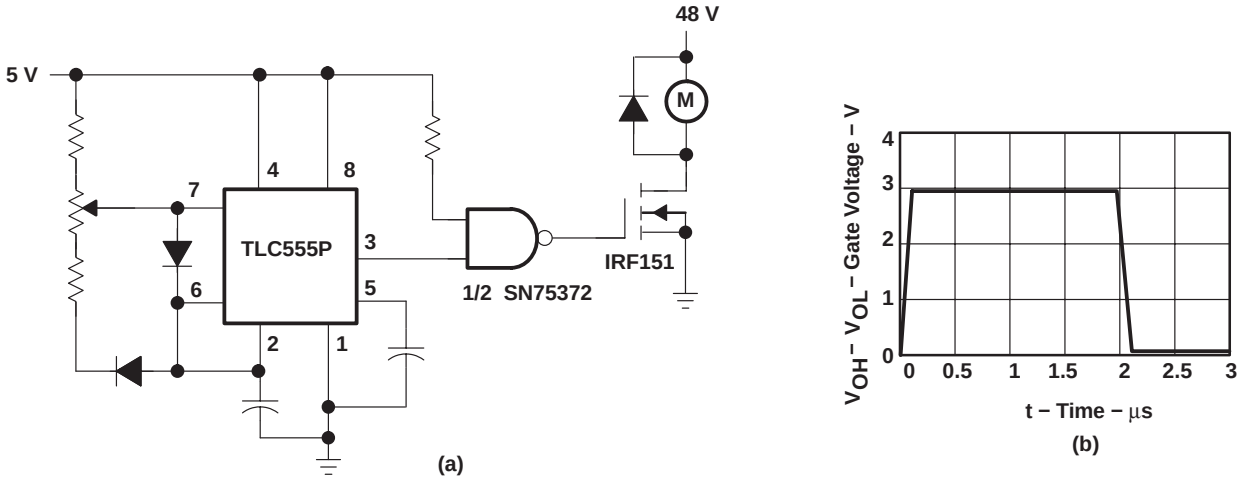


Figure 14. Power MOSFET Drive Using SN75372

Power MOSFET drivers must be capable of supplying high peak currents to achieve fast switching speeds as shown by the equation

$$I_{pk} = \frac{VC}{t_r}$$

where C is the capacitive load, and t_r is the desired drive time. V is the voltage that the capacitance is charged to. In the circuit shown in Figure 13(a), V is found by the equation

$$V = V_{OH} - V_{OL}$$

Peak current required to maintain a rise time of 100 ns in the circuit of Figure 13(a) is

$$I_{PK} = \frac{(3 - 0)4(10^{-9})}{100(10^{-9})} = 120 \text{ mA}$$

Circuit capacitance can be ignored because it is very small compared to the input capacitance of the IRF151. With a V_{CC} of 5 V, and assuming worst-cast conditions, the gate drive voltage is 3 V.

For applications in which the full voltage of V_{CC2} must be supplied to the MOSFET gate, the SN75374 quad MOSFET driver should be used.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/ Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Samples (Requires Login)
SN75372D	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Purchase Samples
SN75372DG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Purchase Samples
SN75372DR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Contact TI Distributor or Sales Office
SN75372DRE4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Contact TI Distributor or Sales Office
SN75372DRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Contact TI Distributor or Sales Office
SN75372P	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	Contact TI Distributor or Sales Office
SN75372PE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	Contact TI Distributor or Sales Office
SN75372PSR	ACTIVE	SO	PS	8	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Purchase Samples
SN75372PSRE4	ACTIVE	SO	PS	8	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Purchase Samples
SN75372PSRG4	ACTIVE	SO	PS	8	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Purchase Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:
ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.
LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.
PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

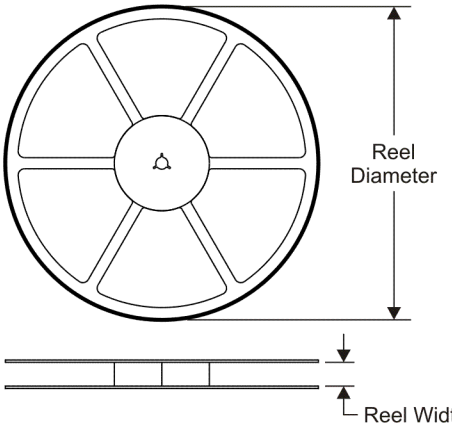
(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.
TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.
Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.
Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

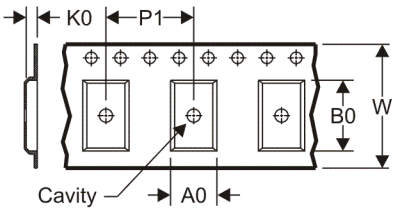
(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

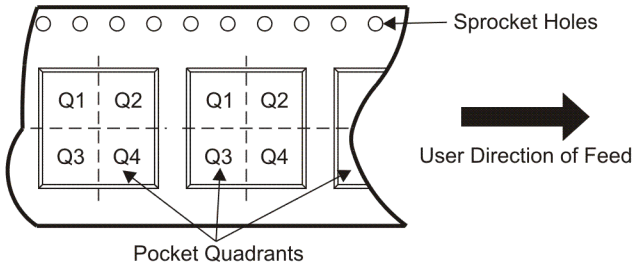


TAPE DIMENSIONS



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

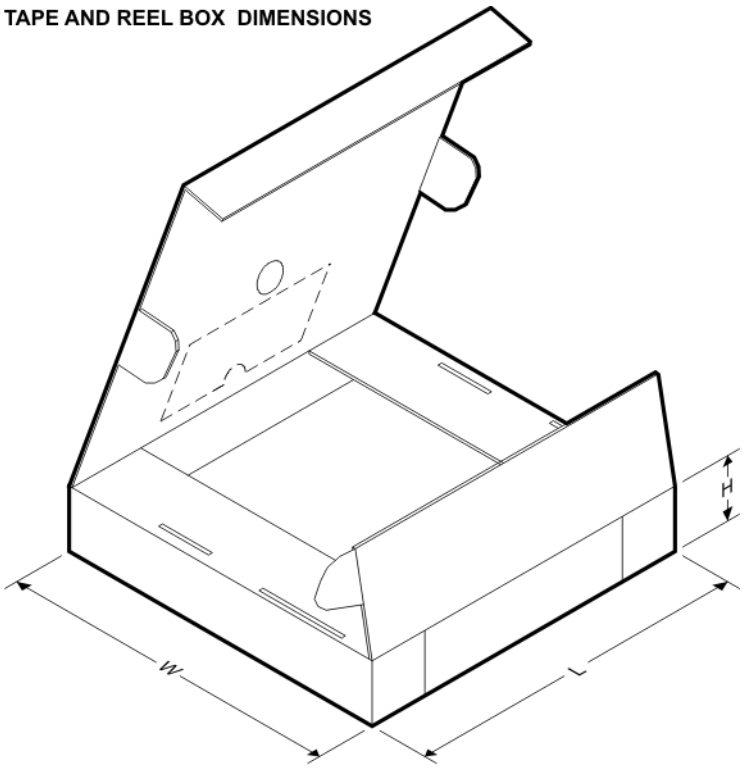
QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN75372DR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN75372PSR	SO	PS	8	2000	330.0	16.4	8.2	6.6	2.5	12.0	16.0	Q1

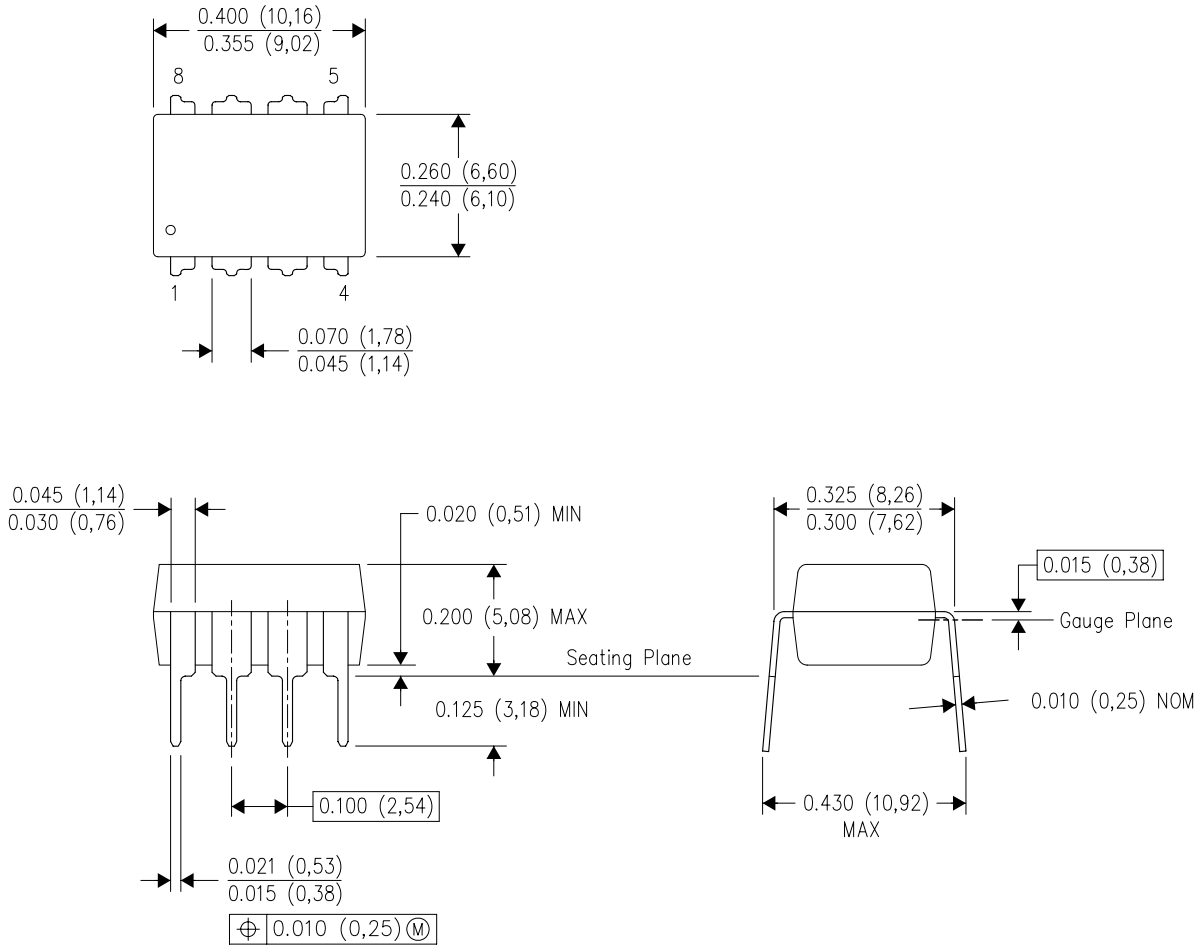
TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

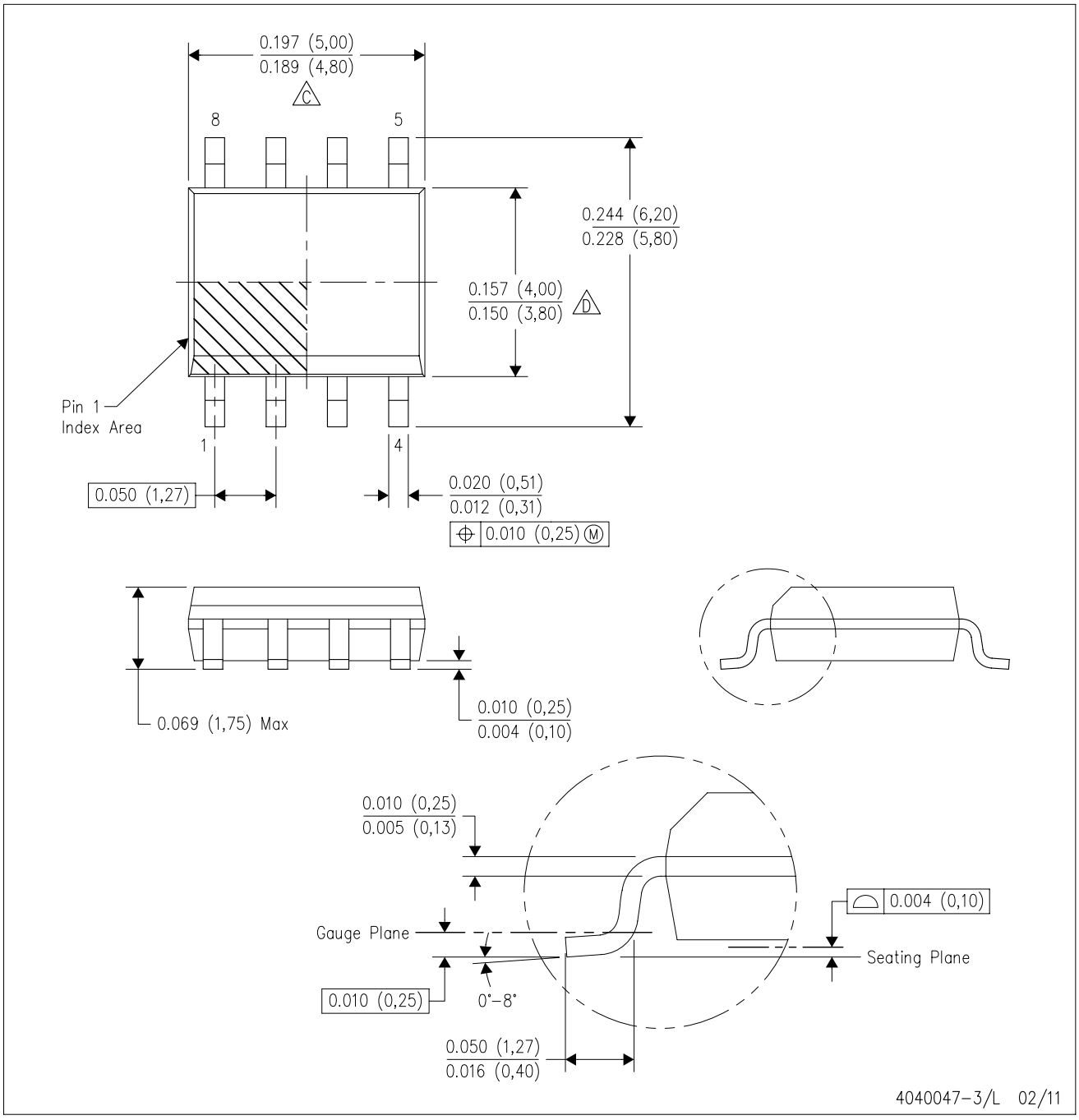
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN75372DR	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	338.1	20.6
SN75372PSR	SO	PS	8	2000	346.0	346.0	33.0

P (R–PDIP–T8) PLASTIC DUAL–IN–LINE PACKAGE



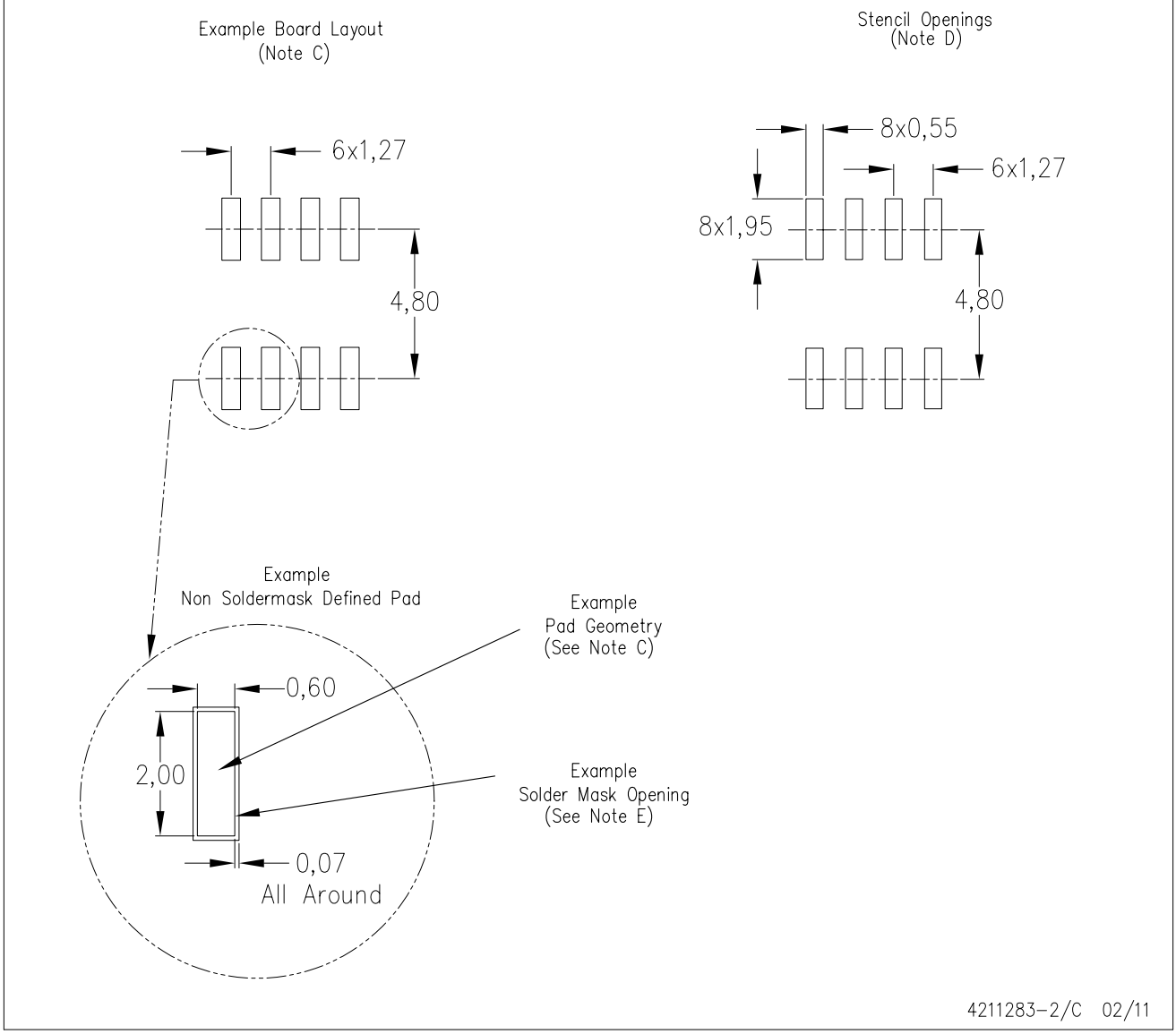
NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Falls within JEDEC MS–001 variation BA.

D (R–PDSO–G8) PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
D. Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
E. Reference JEDEC MS–012 variation AA.

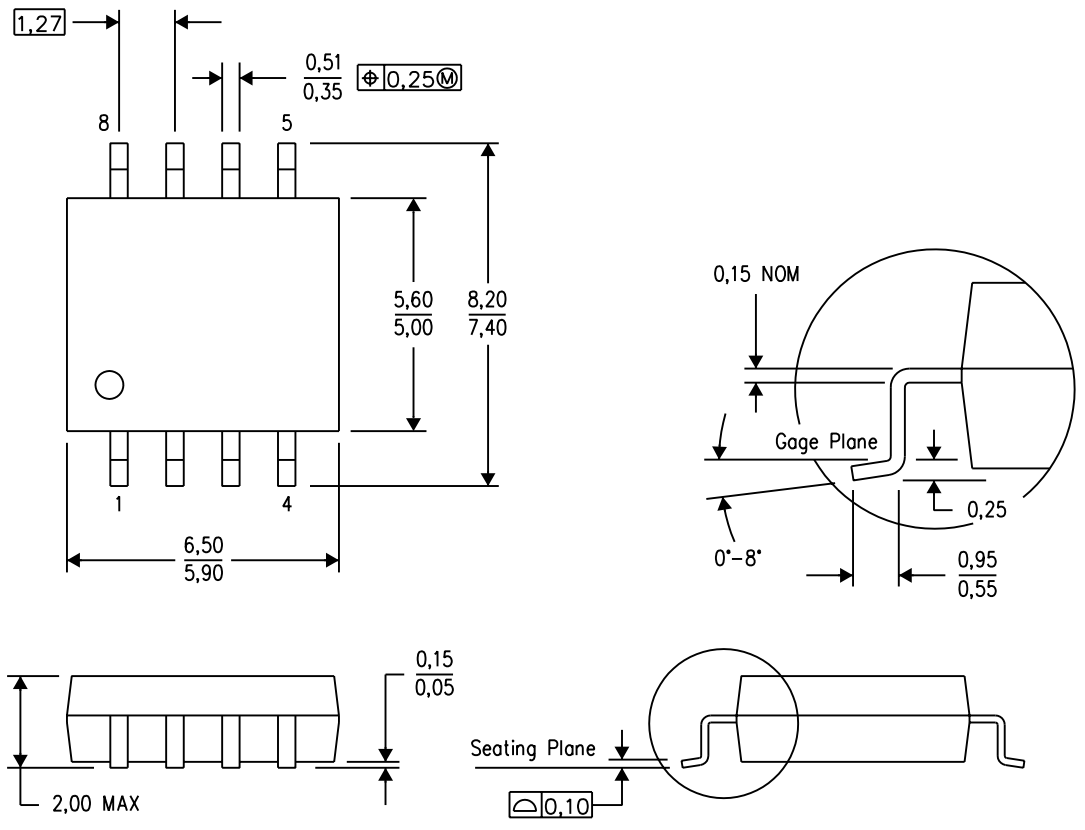
D (R–PDSO–G8) PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Publication IPC–7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC–7525 for other stencil recommendations.
E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

MECHANICAL DATA

PS (R-PDSO-G8) **PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE**



4040063/C 03/03

NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0,15.

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