

## LM125/LM325/LM325A, LM126/LM326 Voltage Regulators

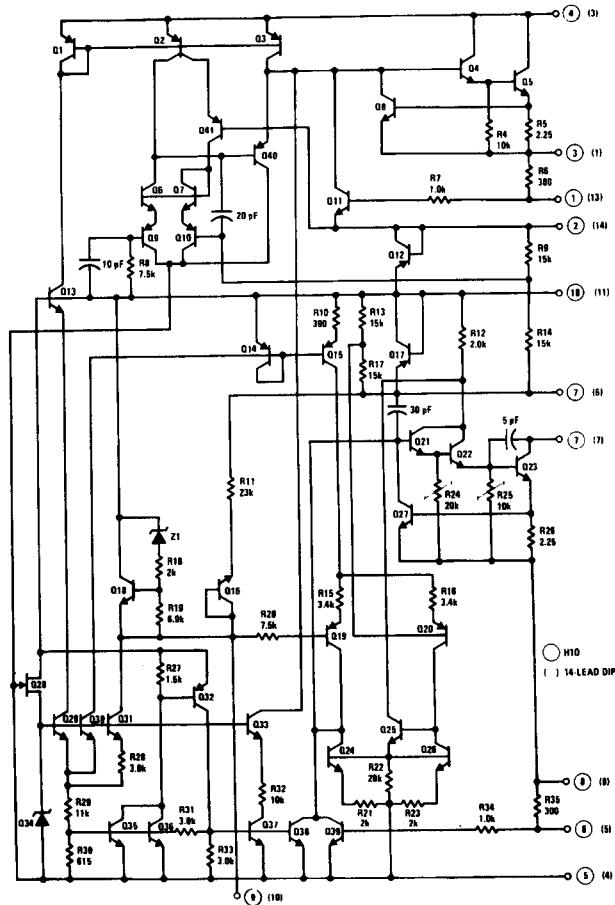
### General Description

These are dual polarity tracking regulators designed to provide balanced positive and negative output voltages at current up to 100 mA, the devices are set for  $\pm 15V$  and  $\pm 12V$  outputs respectively. Input voltages up to  $\pm 30V$  can be used and there is provision for adjustable current limiting. These devices are available in two package types to accommodate various power requirements and temperature ranges.

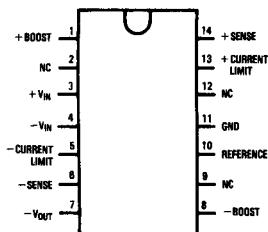
### Features

- $\pm 15V$  and  $\pm 12V$  tracking outputs
- Output current to 100 mA
- Output voltage balanced to within 1% (LM125, LM126, LM325A)
- Line and load regulation of 0.06%
- Internal thermal overload protection
- Standby current drain of 3 mA
- Externally adjustable current limit
- Internal current limit

### Schematic and Connection Diagrams



**Dual-In-Line Package**

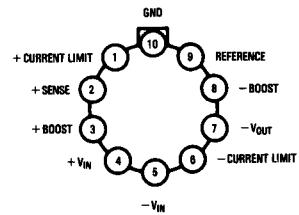


TL/H/7776-2

### Top View

Order Number LM325AN,  
LM325N or LM326N  
See NS Package Number N14A

### Metal Can Package



Case connected to  $-V_{IN}$  TL/H/7776-3

### Top View

Order Number LM125H,  
LM325H, LM126H or LM326H  
See NS Package Number H10C

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

(Note 5)

Input Voltage	$\pm 30V$
Forced $V_O^+$ (Min) (Note 1)	-0.5V
Forced $V_O^-$ (Max) (Note 1)	+0.5V
Power Dissipation (Note 2)	$P_{MAX}$
Output Short-Circuit Duration (Note 3)	Continuous

## Operating Conditions

Operating Free Temperature Range

LM125	-55°C to +125°C
LM325, LM325A	0°C to +70°C

Storage Temperature Range

-65°C to +150°C

Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)

300°C

## Electrical Characteristics LM125/LM325/LM325A (Note 2)

Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Output Voltage LM125/LM325A LM325	$T_j = 25^\circ C$	14.8 14.5	15 15	15.2 15.5	V V
Input-Output Differential		2.0			V
Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = 18V$ to 30V, $I_L = 20$ mA, $T_j = 25^\circ C$		2.0	10	mV
Line Regulation Over Temperature Range	$V_{IN} = 18V$ to 30V, $I_L = 20$ mA,		2.0	20	mV
Load Regulation $V_O^+$ $V_O^-$	$I_L = 0$ to 50 mA, $V_{IN} = \pm 30V$ , $T_j = 25^\circ C$		3.0 5.0	10 10	mV mV
Load Regulation Over Temperature Range $V_O^+$ $V_O^-$	$I_L = 0$ to 50 mA, $V_{IN} = \pm 30V$		4.0 7.0	20 20	mV mV
Output Voltage Balance LM125, LM325A LM325	$T_j = 25^\circ C$			$\pm 150$ $\pm 300$	mV mV
Output Voltage Over Temperature Range LM125, LM325A LM325	$P \leq P_{MAX}$ , $0 \leq I_O \leq 50$ mA, $18V \leq  V_{IN}  \leq 30$	14.65 14.27		15.35 15.73	V V
Temperature Stability of $V_O$			$\pm 0.3$		%
Short Circuit Current Limit	$T_j = 25^\circ C$	260			mA
Output Noise Voltage	$T_j = 25^\circ C$ , BW = 100 – 10 kHz	150			$\mu V_{rms}$
Positive Standby Current	$T_j = 25^\circ C$		1.75	3.0	mA
Negative Standby Current	$T_j = 25^\circ C$		3.1	5.0	mA
Long Term Stability			0.2		%/kHr
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case (Note 4) LM125H, LM325H Junction to Ambient Junction to Ambient	(Still Air) (400 Lf/min Air Flow)		20 215 82		°C/W °C/W °C/W
Junction to Ambient LM325AN, LM325N	(Still Air)		90		°C/W

Note 1: That voltage to which the output may be forced without damage to the device.

Note 2: Unless otherwise specified these specifications apply for  $T_j = 55^\circ C$  to +150°C on LM125,  $T_j = 0^\circ C$  to +125°C on LM325A,  $T_j = 0^\circ C$  to +125°C on LM325,  $V_{IN} = \pm 20V$ ,  $I_L = 0$  mA,  $I_{MAX} = 100$  mA,  $P_{MAX} = 2.0W$  for the H10 Package.  $I_{MAX} = 100$  mA,  $I_{MAX} = 100$  mA,  $P_{MAX} = 1.0W$  for the DIP N Package.

Note 3: If the junction temperature exceeds 150°C, the output short circuit duration is 60 seconds.

Note 4: Without a heat sink, the thermal resistance junction to ambient of the H10 Package is about 155°C/W. With a heat sink, the effective thermal resistance can only approach the junction to case values specified, depending on the efficiency of the sink.

Note 5: Refer to RETS125X drawing for military specification of LM125.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

(Note 5)

Input Voltage	$\pm 30V$
Forced $V_O^+$ (Min) (Note 1)	-0.5V
Forced $V_O^-$ (Max) (Note 1)	+0.5V
Power Dissipation (Note 2)	Internally Limited
Output Short-Circuit Duration (Note 3)	Continuous

## Operating Conditions

Operating Free Temperature Range

LM126 -55°C to +125°C

0°C to +70°C

LM326 -65°C to +150°C

300°C

Storage Temperature Range

## Electrical Characteristics LM126/LM326 (Note 2)

Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Output Voltage LM126/LM326	$T_J = 25^\circ C$	11.8 11.5	12	12.2 12.5	V V
Input-Output Differential		2.0			V
Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = 15V \text{ to } 30V$ $I_L = 20 \text{ mA}, T_J = 25^\circ C$		2.0	10	mV
Line Regulation Over Temperature Range	$V_{IN} = 15V \text{ to } 30V, I_L = 20 \text{ mA}$		2.0	20	mV
Load Regulation $V_O^+$ $V_O^-$	$I_L = 0 \text{ to } 50 \text{ mA}, V_{IN} = \pm 30V,$ $T_J = 25^\circ C$		3.0 5.0	10 10	mV mV
Load Regulation Over Temperature Range $V_O^+$ $V_O^-$	$I_L = 0 \text{ to } 50 \text{ mA}, V_{IN} = \pm 30V$		4.0 7.0	20 20	mV mV
Output Voltage Balance LM126, LM326	$T_J = 25^\circ C$			$\pm 125$ $\pm 250$	mV mV
Output Voltage Over Temperature Range LM126 LM326	$P \leq P_{MAX}, 0 \leq I_O \leq 50 \text{ mA},$ $15V \leq  V_{IN}  \leq 30$	11.68 11.32		12.32 12.68	V V
Temperature Stability of $V_O$			$\pm 0.3$		%
Short Circuit Current Limit	$T_J = 25^\circ C$		260		mA
Output Noise Voltage	$T_J = 25^\circ C, BW = 100 - 10 \text{ kHz}$		100		$\mu\text{VRms}$
Positive Standby Current	$T_J = 25^\circ C, I_L = 0$		1.75	3.0	mA
Negative Standby Current	$T_J = 25^\circ C, I_L = 0$		3.1	5.0	mA
Long Term Stability			0.2		%/kHr
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case (Note 4) LM126H, LM326H Junction to Ambient Junction to Ambient			20 155 62		$^\circ C/W$ $^\circ C/W$ $^\circ C/W$
Junction to Ambient LM326N	(Still Air) (400 Lf/min Air Flow)		150		$^\circ C/W$

Note 1: That voltage to which the output may be forced without damage to the device.

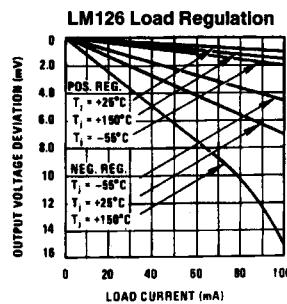
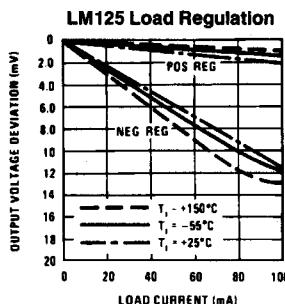
Note 2: Unless otherwise specified these specifications apply for  $T_J = 55^\circ C \text{ to } +150^\circ C$  on LM126,  $T_J = 0^\circ C \text{ to } +125^\circ C$  on LM326,  $V_{IN} = \pm 20V, I_L = 0 \text{ mA}, I_{MAX} = 100 \text{ mA}, P_{MAX} = 2.0W$  for the H10 Package.  $I_{MAX} = 100 \text{ mA}, I_{MAX} = 100 \text{ mA}, P_{MAX} = 1.0W$  for the DIP N Package.

Note 3: If the junction temperature exceeds  $150^\circ C$ , the output short circuit duration is 60 seconds.

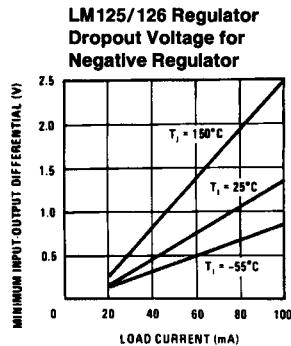
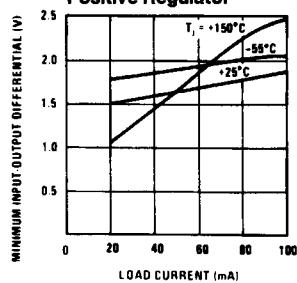
Note 4: Without a heat sink, the thermal resistance junction to ambient of the H10 Package is about  $155^\circ C/W$ . With a heat sink, the effective thermal resistance can only approach the junction to case values specified, depending on the efficiency of the sink.

Note 5: Refer to RETS126X drawing for military specification of LM126.

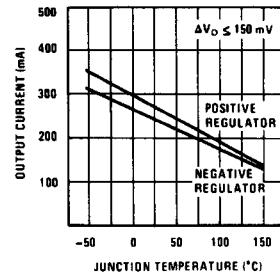
## Typical Performance Characteristics



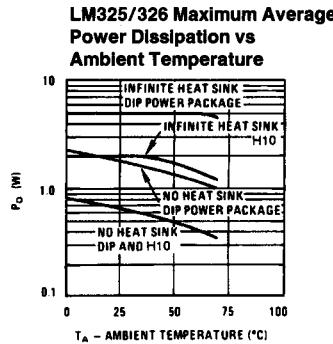
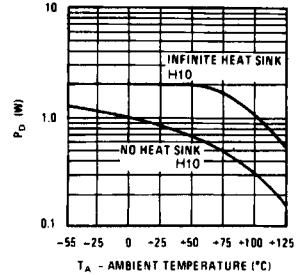
**LM125/126 Regulator Dropout Voltage for Positive Regulator**



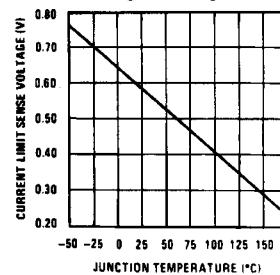
**LM125/126 Peak Output Current vs Junction Temperature**



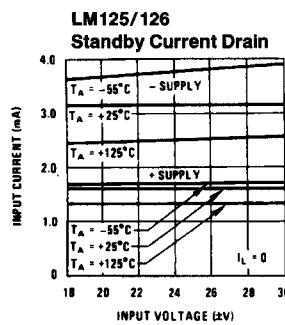
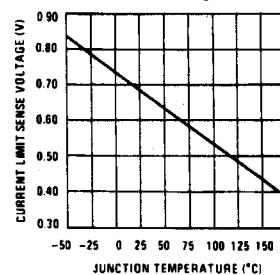
**LM125/126 Maximum Average Power Dissipation vs Ambient Temperature**



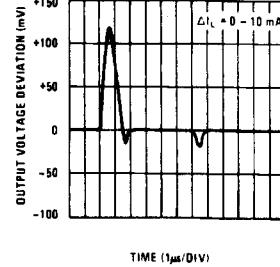
**LM125/126 Current Limit Sense Voltage vs Temperature for Negative Regulator**



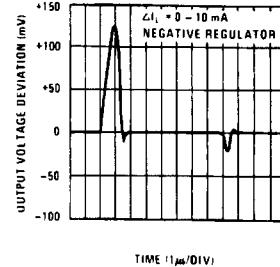
**LM125/126 Current Limit Sense Voltage vs Temperature for Positive Regulator**



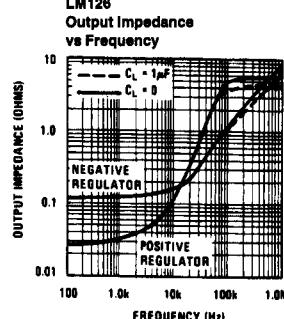
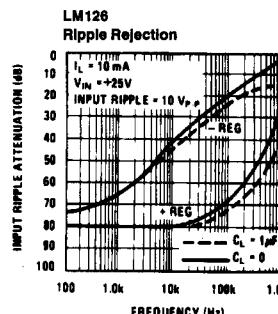
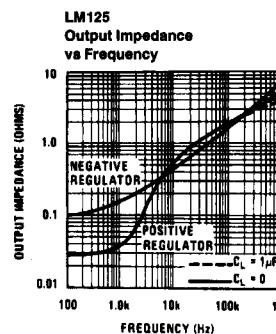
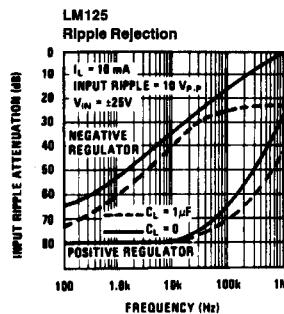
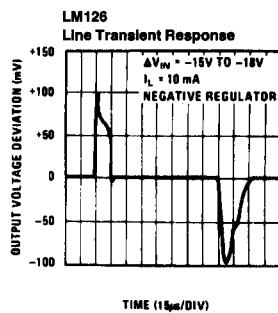
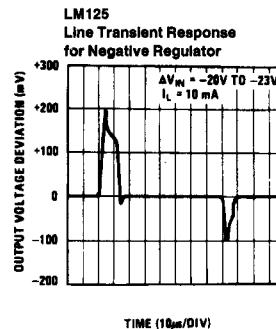
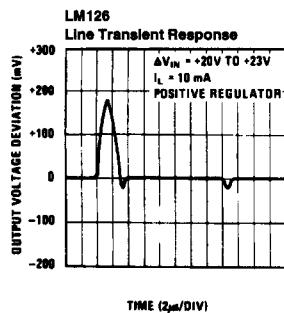
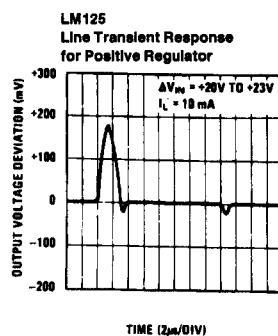
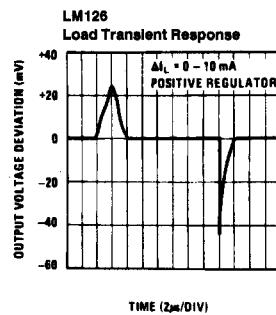
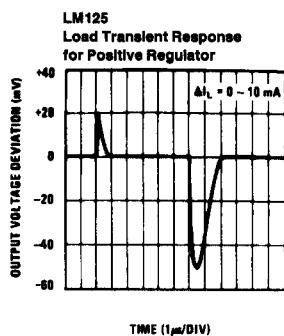
**LM125 Load Transient Response for Negative Regulator**



**LM126 Load Transient Response**

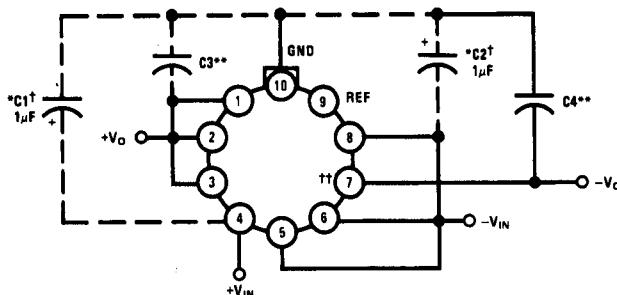


## Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)



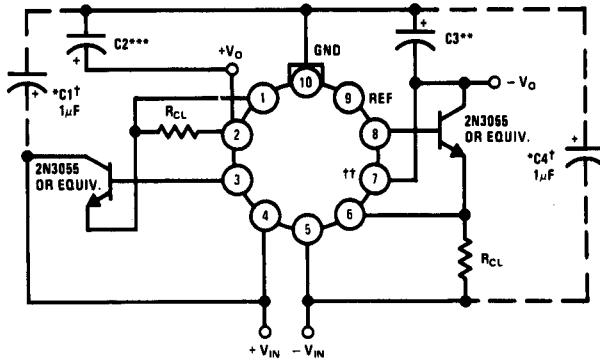
## Typical Applications

**Basic Regulator<sup>†††</sup>**



TL/H/7776-6

**2.0 Amp Boosted Regulator With Current Limit**



TL/H/7776-7

**Note:** Metal can (H) packages shown.

$$I_{CL} = \frac{\text{Current Limit Sense Voltage (See Curve)}}{R_{CL}}$$

<sup>†</sup>Solid tantalum

<sup>††</sup>Short pins 6 and 7 on dip

<sup>†††</sup>R<sub>CL</sub> can be added to the basic regulator between pins 6 and 5, 1 and 2 to reduce current limit.

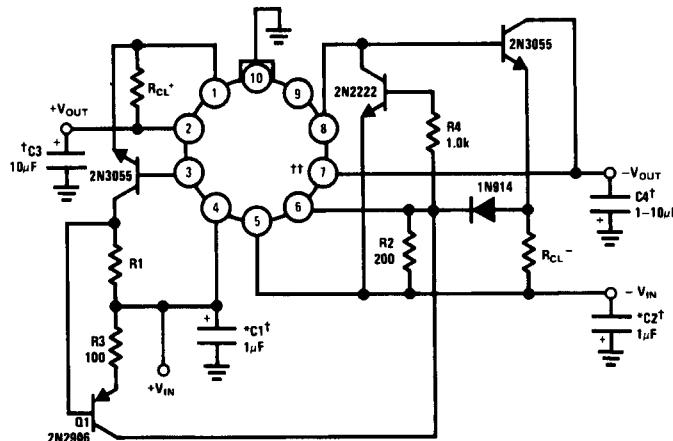
\*Required if regulator is located an appreciable distance from power supply filter.

\*\*Although no capacitor is needed for stability, it does help transient response. (If needed use 1 μF electrolytic).

\*\*\*Although no capacitor is needed for stability, it does help transient response. (If needed use 10 μF electrolytic).

## **Typical Applications** (Continued)

## **Positive Current Dependent Simultaneous Current Limiting**



TL/H/7776-8

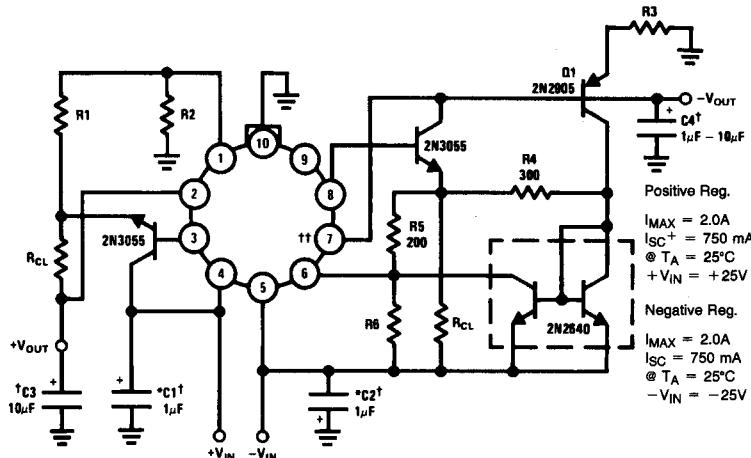
$$I_{CL+} = \frac{\frac{V_{SENSE\ NEG}}{2} + V_{BEQ1}}{R1}$$

$$I_{CL+} = \frac{V_{SENSE\ NEG} + V_{DIODE}}{R_{CL-}}$$

$$R_{CL+} = \frac{V_{SENSE+}}{1.1 I_{CL+}}$$

$I_{G1}^+$  Controls Both Sides of the Regulator

## Boosted Regulator With Foldback Current Limit



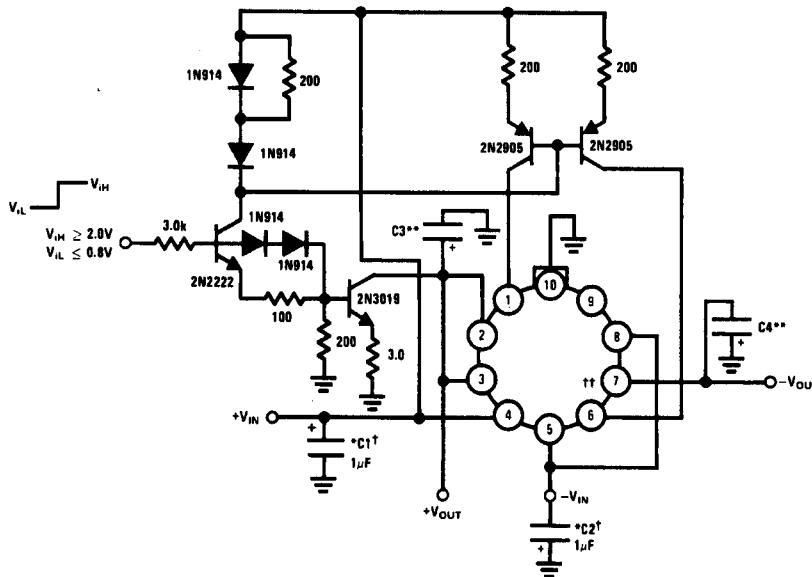
## Resistor Values

	<b>125</b>	<b>126</b>
R1	18	20
R2	310	180
R3	2.4k	1.35k
R6	300	290
R <sub>CL</sub>	0.7	0.9

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## **Typical Applications** (Continued)

## **Electric Shutdown**



TL/H/7776-10

<sup>†</sup>Solid tantalum

**††Short pins 6 and 7 on dip**

\*Required if regulator is located an appreciable distance from power supply filter.

**\*\*Although no capacitor is needed for stability, it does help transient response. (If needed use 1  $\mu$ F electrolytic).**